TIMES-VIRGINIAN

JOB WORK A SPECIALTY — DEVOTED TO THE LOCAL AND INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OF APPOMATTOX AND BUCKINGHAM COUNTIES. — JOB WORK A SPECIALTY

VOL. XXXV. NO. 22. — APPOMATTOX, VIRGINIA. JUNE 7, 1922. — $1.50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE

THE MARKETS

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 winter, spot, $1.39@1.43; No. 2 garlicky, spot, $1.39@1.43.

Corn—Track yellow corn, No. 3 or better, for domestic delivery, is quotable at 72c per bu., asked for car lots on spot.

Cob corn is slow; sale by the car load on a basis of $3.50@3.60 per barrel for prime nearby yellow on spot; closing prices, contract, spot, 68¾; No. 4 spot, 67¼.

Oats—No. 2 white, as to weight, closing prices (domestic basis), 49½c; No. 3 white, as to weight, 49.

Rye—No. 2 Western, export, spot (closing prices), per bu., $1.15; bag lots nearby, as to quality and condition, 90c@$1.05.

Millfeed—City Mills winter bran, per ton, in 100-lb. sacks, $33; Patapsco millfeed, per ton, in 100-lb. sacks, $31; white middlings, per ton, in 80-lb. cotton sacks, $39; same in 100-lb. jute sacks, $37.

Hay—For desirable qualities of timothy, light mixed and sound clover hay there is a fair demand within range of $18 to $21 per ton.

Straw—No. 1 tangled rye, per ton, $15.50; No. 1 wheat, $11.50@12; No. 1 oat (nominal), $12@13.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 38c; do, choice, 36@37; do, good, 32@35; do prints, 39@42; do blocks, 39@41; do, nearby, 35@37; ladles, 26@28; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 23@25; Ohio rolls, 23@24; West Virginia rolls, 23@24; storepacked, 22; Md., Va. and Pa. dairy prints, 23@25.

Eggs—Western Md., Pa., nearby, 24c; Eastern Shore, Md. and Va., 24; Western, 24; West Virginia, 23; Southern, 22.

Live Poultry—Chickens, spring, per lb., 1½ lbs. and over, 50@55c; do, springers, 1¼ to 1½ lbs., 45@50; small spring, 1¼ lbs. and less, 35@40; do, white leghorns, 35@40; young white chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 40@45; do, old roosters, per lb., 15@16.

Ducks — Muscovy and mongrel, young, per lb., 18@20; do, white Pekings, per lb., old, 20@22; do, puddle, per lb., 3½ lbs. and over, 18@20; do, Indian Runner, per lb., old, 16@18. Pigeons, per pair, old, 35@40; do, do, young, 35@40.

Potatoes—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, No. 1, 100 lbs., $1.25@1.50; New York and New Jersey, No. 1, do, $1.25@1.50; Western, No. 1, do, $1.25@1.50; Eastern Shore, do, $1.25@1.50; Southern Maryland McCormicks, do, $1.25@1.50; red potatoes, do, $1.25@1.50; all sections, No. 2, do, 50@75c; all sections, per 150-lb. bag, $2.50@3; No. 2, $1.25@1.50.

New Potatoes—Florida, No. 1, per brl., $5@6; No. 2, do, $3@3.50; No. 1, per bu. crt., $1.75@2; No. 2, do, $1.25@1.50; No. 1, per 150-lb. sack, $4@4.50; No. 2, per 150-lb. sack, $2.50@3; South Carolina, No. 1, per brl., $5@6; do, No. 2, $3@3.50; sweets, all sections, per brl., $3.50@4.50; yams, all sections, per brl., $3@3.50; sweets and yams, all sections, No. 2, per brl., $2@2.50; sweets, No. 1, per bu. hamp, $1.25@1.50; yams, No. 1, per bu. hamp, $1@1.25.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, $1.42¼; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.53½, and No. 2 mixed durum $1.42¼, c. i. f. New York, to arrive.

Corn—No. 2 yellow and No. 2 white, 79¼c, and No. 2 mixed, 78¾, c. i. f. New York, all rail.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49½c.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extra, 37½@38c; creamery, extras (92 score), 37; firsts (88 to 91 score), 34¼@36½; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 22.

Cheese—State, whole milk, flats, fresh, specials, 18¼@18¾c; do, average run, 17¾@18; State, whole milk twins, fresh, specials, 18@18½; do, average run, 17¾.

Eggs—Fresh gathered, extra firsts, 28@29; firsts, 27@28; storage-packed, extra firsts, 29¼@30¼; firsts, 28½@29½; New Jersey hennery whites, extra fancy candled selections, 36@37; do, uncandled, 34@35; State, nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, firsts to extras, 28@35; State, nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 32@34.

PHILADELPHIA. — Wheat — No. 2 red winter, $1.35@1.40; do, garlicky, $1.31@1.36.

Oats—No. 2 white, 49½@50c; No. 3 white, 48@48¼.

Butter—Western creamery, extra, 38c; nearby prints fancy, 44@47.

Eggs—Nearby extra firsts, 27½c; do, firsts, 26; Western extra firsts, 28½; do, firsts, 27; fancy selected, packed, 34@36.

Cheese—New York, whole milk, fancy flats held, 23@25c; do, fresh, 18@18½; fair to good, 17@17½; longhorn, 18½@19; single daisies held, 22@25; do, fresh, 18@18½.

LIVE STOCK

BALTIMORE. — Calves — Choice to handyweight veals, per lb., 10½@11c; choice, fat heavy veals, 9½@10; fair to good, 8½@9; heavy smooth, fat veals, 7@8; heavy, rough calves, 5@6.

Lambs and Sheep—No. 1 sheep, per lb., 6@7c; fair to good, 4@12; spring lambs, 35@40 lbs., 15@15½; poor and heavy lambs, $12@14.

CHICAGO. — Cattle — Heavy steers at $9@9.20; bulk beef steers, $7.90@8.75; she stock strong; bulls and stockers steady; veal calves strong to 25c higher, quality considered; bulk fat she stock, $5.75@7.35; bulk bologna bulls around $4.65@4.75; bulk vealers to packers, $9.25@9.75; bulk desirable light stockers, $7@7.50; meaty Wisconsin feeders, $8@8.40.

Hogs—Top, $10.80 for one load; practical top, $10.75; bulk, $10.20@10.70; shippers took about 3,000; holdover liberal; pigs steady.

Meant What He Said.

"Brokeleigh—I would do anything in my power to prove my love for your daughter.

Old Gotrox—Would you support her?

Brokeleigh—My dear sir, I said anything in my power.

Her Fix.

"It's a frivolous age."

"I realize that now. I married at fourteen. My daughter followed suit, and here I am a grandmother at thirty."

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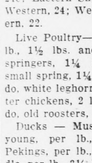

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PRESIDENT OF CHINA RESIGNS

Old Parliament Reconvenes And Assumes Control

WU MOVES AGAINST CHANG

Fighting Reported To Be In Progress Along Line Of Eastern Railway —Appealing To Dr. Sun.

Peking.—President Hsu Shih Chang tendered his resignation at an extraordinary session of the Cabinet. He was urged to withhold it until the Parliament convenes at Peking. If a vacancy occurs before a new president takes office, Acting Premier Chow Tsu-Chi will act.

The old Republican Parliament of China, which has the backing of Gen. Wu Pei-Fu, recent victor over Chang Tso-Lin, convened at Tientsin for the first time since it was dissolved in 1917 and adopted a program aimed at the unification of China.

The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House issued a settlement in which they said the old Parliament planned to publish a manifesto declaring President Hsu Shih Chang deposed. They then will offer the presidency to Li Yuan Hung, who was president from June, 1916, to July 1, 1917, and who was forced out of office by the militarists.

The Parliament which is in session at Tientsin plans to move to Peking when its preliminary program is completed and formally assume charge as the nation's legislative body.

Gen. Tsao Kun powerful leader of the north, who is crédited with being the force behind Wu Pei-Fu's recent successful drive, is mentioned for the position of Vice-President in the new Government.

Overtures have been made to Dr. Sun Yat Sen, President of the Canton Government, to join the movement for a United China. It has been pointed out to Dr. Sun that with the elimination from the Presidency of Hsu Shih Chang, whose tenure of office Sun has maintained was illegal, there is no further obstacle to co-operation between the north and the south.

Additional strength for the revived Republican Parliament is found in the announcement that Gen. Chen Chiung Ming, military power of South China, who a few days ago demanded Dr. Sun's resignation, has declared his intention to support the movement launched at Tientsin.

Tientsin.—General Wu Pei-Fu, using the Chinese Eastern Railway, has instituted a general advance against the forces of General Chang Tso-Lin, whom he recently drove out of Peking into Manchuria. General Wu's objective is Shanhaikwan, at the southern tip of Manchuria on the Gulf of Liaotung.

Feeling against Chang Tso-Lin is said to be spreading in Manchuria. The entire line of the Chinese Eastern Railway is reported in the hands of supporters of Wu Pei-Fu.

BOTTOMLEY, M. P., FOUND GUILTY

Bitter Foe Of America Sentenced To Seven Years In Prison.

London.—Horatio Bottomley, M. P., former editor of John Bull, anti-American weekly, was found guilty of appropriating to his own use £105,000 sterling from funds subscribed for war bonds and was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment.

Bottomley had pleaded not guilty to the charge, upon which he was arraigned March 8, and conducted his own defense.

The finding of the court and the sentence imposed created a tremendous sensation in a crowded court room and throughout the city as the news spread.

"They've got Bottomley at last," was the word passed from mouth to mouth throughout London, while newsboys screamed the news and newspaper placards blazoned the West End.

Bottomley had made many enemies during his sensational career, but many of London's poor, who were the victims of this swindle, for which he must serve seven years, swore by him as the "workingman's friend."

SLAYS HIS WIFE AND SON.

New Yorker Uses Penknife In Double Murder.

New York.—George Krumpet killed his wife, Mary, and his son, William, seven years old, and slashed his own throat with the same penknife in an upper East Side apartment. His condition is critical. The boy was decapitated with the knife. The cause of the crime is unknown to the authorities.

TO MAKE LASCELLES EARL.

King George Is Expected To Elevate New Son-In-Law.

London.—King George is expected to announce that Viscount Lascelles has been created an earl. Princess Mary gave her first dinner dance of the summer season Friday.

HOTTENTOT UPRISING CRUSHED.

London.—The uprising of the tribe of Hottentots, known as Bondelzwarts, in the southwest protectorate of Africa, has been completely crushed, says a Reuter dispatch from Windhoek. Two policemen were killed and two wounded in quelling the rebellion. The Hottenfot rebels have lost a considerable number in killed, and there are hundreds of prisoners in the hands of the authorities. The police are pursuing a few escaped leaders.

TO EXTERMINATE CHRISTIANS TURKS AIM

Relief Workers Deported From Anatolia To Protest To Washington—American Woman Confirms Stories Of Outrages In Asia Minor.

Paris.—Dr. Mark L. Ward, who, with three other American relief workers, was deported by the Turkish Nationalists recently from Antolia, arrived in Paris from Constantinople on his way to Washington to present to the State Department his charges of Turkish outrages against Christian minorities in Asia Minor. He said he and his coworkers were deported for denouncing these outrages.

"Flushed with increased prestige and power over their successes against the Greeks in Asia Minor," he declared, "the Turks will no longer tolerate the presence of Greeks and other Christian minorities, but have entered into a campaign of systematic extermination."

Confirms News Of Outrages.

London.—Information received in British official circles from an American relief worker, Miss Wood, who recently arrived in Constantinople, tends to confirm the recent reports of Turkish barbarities.

Miss Wood says that during a fortnight's journey from the interior of Asia Minor she met groups of starving deportees and saw a number of bodies strewn along the roadside. She declared the entire Greek population is being deported without food or clothing.

While she was at Kharput in December, Miss Wood asserts, deportees of that district were dying at the rate of from 40 to 50 daily. She endeavored to start an orphanage, but the Turks refused their permission. Later, however, they allowed her to care for children under 12 years of age. She saved half of these temporarily, but fears that the remaining children and women will die after her departure.

GERMAAY ACCEPTS IF LOAN IS GRANTED

Menace of Military Occupation is Eliminated

WILL KEEP DOWN HER DEBT

Answer Satisfies France—Silent On Question Of Forced Loan, Expected To Produce 40,000,000 Marks.

Paris.—The disquieting prospect that France would bring further pressure to bear on Germany, with the extension of her military occupation, is regarded in reparations and political circles as eliminated by the German reply to the Reparations Commission just made public. It promises to comply with the conditions imposed by the Reparations Commission, with the proviso that Germany must have aid in the form of a foreign loan.

The commission had insisted upon unconditional compliance, but the question of the loan is considered a detail that will be arranged without complications. The reply, dealing with this question says:

"The German Government, determined to make the most strenuous endeavors to prevent any further increase in the floating debt, are, however, convinced that in the present financial conditions such efforts cannot be carried through unless Germany receives reasonable assistance in the way of a foreign loan.

"Provided such assistance becomes available without undue delay, the German Government will undertake to deal with the question on the following basis:

"The amount of the floating debt as it stood on March 31, 1922, is from now on to be the normal maximum. If at the end of June or at the end of any subsequent month the amount exceeds the normal maximum steps will be taken to secure repayment of the excess within three months following by means of excess receipts or by raising credits otherwise than in the form of giving rise to fiduciary inflation."

The German Government promises that in case the maximum is exceeded again it will endeavor to impose new taxes sufficient to make up the difference. Pending the receipt of the proposed foreign loan, however, the Government asks that the floating debt may be increased in paper marks to the equivalent of payments of foreign currency made and to be made since March 31, under the terms of the Treaty of Versailles.

The condition imposed in the reply that Germany must have help from a foreign loan was first thought to be a mistake in the French translation, since the German text was interpreted as expressing the mere "hope" that this help would be given. Inquiry in Berlin, however, developed the fact that the German Government intended to make that proviso.

The impression made by the German reply was not unfavorable, it was said at the French foreign office unofficially.

The Temps remarked that the reply was silent on the question of a forced loan, which was expected to produce 40,000,000,000 marks, but the paper forecast its acceptance by the Reparation Commission.

CUTS THIRD SET OF TEETH.

Pennsylvania Woman Has New Molars At Age Of 81.

Lancaster, Pa. — Mrs. Elizabeth Souders, a widow, 81 years old, of Blue Ball, has a third set of teeth. For years Mrs. Souders has been without molars, until recently a new set began to appear. Relatives say her teeth in her youth were normal and arrived at the usual time, so that the present teeth are not a delayed second set.

GIVES TO LEGION OF HONOR.

Paris.—General Duball, grand chancellor of the Order of the Legion of Honor, has received 250,000 francs from an anoymous American member of the legion, who wrote: "In memory of the legionnaires who died for France and for humanity during the war of 1914." General Duball says that such contributions from anonymous Americans are frequent. The money is spent by the legion in welfare work.

STRIKE PLANNED OVER WAGE CUT

Slash Under Conception of Living Pay, Says Jewell

REDUCTIONS IN PROSPECT

Expected To Affect All Except Train And Yard Men—Effective On July 1.

Chicago.—A strike vote on the $50,000,000 wage cut of maintenance of way rail workers is planned by B. M. Jewell, president of the railroad department of the American Federation of Labor.

Jewell said the 13.2 per cent. wage slash of the 400,000 members of this union, announced by the United States Railroad Labor Board, would bring pay below a living wage.

"Our rules," said Jewell, "provide that a vote must be taken before a reduction can be accepted. I think the men will reject the decision of the board."

Jewell, it was understood, will call a conference in Chicago with heads of other unions.

It was reported that pay of all workers, with the exception of yard and train service men, would be cut soon, approximately $100,000,000.

The reduction in the pay of maintenance-of-way workers becomes effective July 1. It takes the men back to the scale of wages prevailing February 29, 1920, when roads were turned over to the owners by the Government.

"This decision of the Railroad Board is indefensible, and undoubtedly will be rejected when submitted to a vote," Jewell declared. He said the reduction was not within his conception of a living wage.

The decision of the majority of the board was handed down soon after hearings on the case were conducted in accordance with request of the unions that speedy attention be given the case.

Three members of the board—A. O. Wharton, Albert Phillips and W. L. McMenimen—dissented from the decision. In the dissenting opinion, they said, "the rates of pay established under this decision are not based upon the human needs of the hundreds of thousands of families involved. They are insufficient to provide these families with absolute essentials.

"The decision will mean annual earnings far below any minimum standard of subsistence, which has been formulated, even below those of the most conservative employer group."

Union Officers To Take It Up

Detroit.—The $50,000,000 wage slash of maintenance-of-way workers will be taken up by grand officers of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance-of-Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers, now in session here.

This announcement was made by S. J. Pegg, grand secretary of the organization, who declared the slashing of wages "came as a great surprise."

AUTO BANDITS GET $15,000.

Hold Up Car Carrying Silk Company's Payroll.

New York. — Seven automobile bandits held up three men in an automobile at Long Island City and robbed them of a $15,000 payroll belonging to H. R. Mallinson & Co., New York silk dealers.

Just before the automobile with the payroll reached the Mallinson factory a speeding car cut directly into its path. Jamming on the brakes, the driver stopped in time to avoid a collision.

The bandits leaped on the running board with drawn revolvers, and a minute or two later were speeding away with the loot. Not a shot was fired.

LADY ASTOR TALKS OF U. S.

In London Interview She Declares Heart Of America Is Sound.

London.—"The heart of America is sound," Lady Astor declared in an interview upon her return here. "Americans want a 'League of Peace.'" The famous Viscountess, M. P., explained that when she was besieged with invitations to speak she decided to seize the opportunity to present the British viewpoint to Americans.

IMPORTANT NEWS QUICKLY TOLD

Happenings In Various Sections Of Old Virginia

NEWS ITEMS FOR OUR READERS

Harrisonburg.—Samuel Monger, a wheelwright, of Elkton, was brought to the hospital here for treatment of a wound in his right shoulder and breast which he received when a revolver he was cleaning was discharged.

Petersburg.—H. S. Seward, president of the Y. M. C. A., and A. H. Myers, general secretary, have been appointed delegates to the directors conference of the Y. M. C. A., to be held in Blue Ridge, N. C., July 18 to 22.

Lexington.—Confederate Memorial Day was fittingly observed in Lexington, the burial place of Generals Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson, and the tombs of the two Confederate chieftains were strewn with flowers, along with the graves of other Confederate and World War veterans.

Danville.—Eugene H. Marshall, former president of the Common Council, has announced himself a candidate for the position of superintendent of public utilities. He will be opposed by Frank Talbott, incumbent, and for eighteen years past the holder of the position without opposition.

Cartersville.—Rev. George H. McFaden, of Richmond, delivered the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of the Hamilton High School here Sunday night. His text was taken from First Corinthians, tenth chapter and a part of the thirty-first verse: "Do all things to the glory of God."

Lynchburg.—John L. Dirting, A. A. May and John S. Hash, Federal prohibition agents, assisted by the sheriff of Bath county, Monday raided a still west of Hot Springs, in the Alloghany Mountains, and arrested W. W. Kelly at the still, who was held in bond of $2,000 to answer the second offense of violating the prohibition law.

Lynchburg.—Police Justice Martin here has decided that a jitney running into Lynchburg from an adjoining county is liable to city license, the decision coming in the case against M. E. Clements, who operates several cars between Amherst county and Lynchburg. An appeal was noted to the Corporation Court.

Fredericksburg.—Governor E. Lee Trinkle has written a strong letter indorsing the Kenmore Association, which has for its object the preservation of the handsome old mansion in this city which was the home of General Fielding Lewis, of Revolutionary fame, and his wife, Betty Washington. The Governor also consented to act as one of a standing committee to help the movement.

Newport News.—Guy P. Murray, president of the Hampton Roads, Richmond and Gloucester Highway Association, says that he is going ahead with plans to raise the necessary money with which to complete the concrete highway from Newport News to Richmond despite the failure of the Norfolk Council thus far to borrow its share of the necessary $500,000 and lend it to the State.

Richmond.—A bronze memorial tablet commemorating the life of the late Dr. R. H. Garnett, of the Class of '82, and for years professor of Greek at Georgetown College, Kentucky, will be unveiled as a feature in the University of Richmond's nineteth commencement exercises this week. The tablet will mark the classical alcove in the library of the university, an alcove recently endowed by the family of the late alumnus.

Winchester.—Members of the American Legion gathered with veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic in honoring the memory of over 5,000 Federal soldiers buried in the National Cemetery, in which a number of World War heroes also are buried. The grave of each was decorated with an American flag and flowers, while State and regimental monuments were elaborately decorated.

Blacksburg—During the college day program of the golden jubilee celebration of Virginia Polytechnic Institute, felicitations were delivered by Governor E. Lee Trinkle, President Edwin A. Alderman, of the University of Virginia; Dr. Henry Louis Smith, of Washington and Lee; Dr. William O. Thompson, president of the Ohio State University, representing the land grant colleges of the United States, and by personal representatives of more than forty other educational institutions in the several States.

Winchester.—Dr. S. Andral Kilmer, wealthy patent medicine manufacturer, of Binghamton, N. Y., was here a day or two with a party of expert horsemen, inspecting a number of available properties, with a view of locating a large horse-breeding establishment in Virginia, preferably in the blue grass and limestone sections of Clarke county, where there are half a dozen or more such establishments. Dr. Kilmer, who owns a valuable stable of racing horses, is understood to have been much impressed with conditions in Clarke county.

Richmond.—A sixty-gallon brandy distillery and 250 gallons of peach brandy were seized on a farm about three miles west of Granite by Federal Prohibition Officers Shugart, Hannigan and Willis, assisted by Police Officers Anthony and Butler. Search for the distillery lasted from 7 o'clock to 11, when it was discovered in a well-concealed spot. While the distillery showed evidence of having been operated the night before, the operators were not around when the raid was made. The brandy was destroyed.

Lynchburg.—A fox terrier belonging to Mrs. Claude Thornhill in the past few days has killed sixty rats in the same hole. The dog got thirty-four at one time and twenty-six at another, and Mrs. Thornhill wonders if there is another such a record in Virginia. The terrier was set after the rats when they began to deplete a flock of chickens.

Danville.—Leonard Crawford, 8-year-old son of S. T. Crawford sustained a badly broken leg when he fell from a tree from which he was watching the baseball game from outside the fence. He was fully thirty feet from the ground when the branch he was sitting on and which was decayed snapped. He was removed to the hospital where the damaged leg was set.

Harrisonburg. — The Rockingham National Bank, of Harrisonburg, was the successful bidder for the $150,000 issue of the city of Harrisonburg 5 per cent. bonds of twenty-year serial, according to an announcement made by city officials. The issue was recently authorized by the City Council for extensive addition to the city's light and water system. Bids were received from a number of the largest bonding houses in the country and the accepted bid was slightly above par.

Charlottesville.—Albert S. Bolling, of the Albemarle bar, who officiated as toastmaster at a banquet given by the local American Legion posts, evoked cheers by his violent attack upon local profiteers. Mentioning no names, he stated that every one present knew of men who had accumulated fortunes by remaining at home during the war, giving to war work mere pittances of what they made, and that whenever he saw one of these men he felt a great pride in the humblest member of the American Legion.

Blackstone.—With the conferring of degrees on a class of 133 young men, the largest in the history of the college, by President Burruss, the address to the class of 1922 by Dr. W. E. Dodd, an alumnus of the school, professor of American history in the university of Chicago, and author of "The Life of Woodrow Wilson," the announcement of honors and signing of "Auld Lang Syne," the commencement exercises and Golden Jubilee program at the Virginia Polytechnic Institute ended Wednesday at noon.

Richmond.—Stressing that upless there is immediate relief from excessive freight rates jobbing interests in Virginia cities would be crippled. Colonel R. McC. Bullington, addressing the eighteenth annual session of the Richmond Association of Credit Men at the Westmoreland Club urged concerted action for a square deal. He expressed the opinion that these jobbers are not getting fair treatment from the transportation interests, whose rails run through Virginia, and declared for subscriptions to a fund which would be devoted to fighting the unjust, unfair and unreasonable rates of carriers.

Richmond.—Commissioners at large to investigate on the feasibility of establishing a separate school for deaf and blind were named by Governor E. Lee Trinkle. The commission consists of Dr. Mary E. Brydon, of the State Board of Health, and Professor Chas. G. Maphis, of the University of Virginia, and two members of the House and two of the Senate. The report will be submitted to the next General Assembly. The Governor named the commission for the blind as follows: R. J. Taylor, Staunton; W. L. Hopkins, Richmond; Elizabeth Pidgeon, University of Virginia; Samuel H. Miller, Lynchburg, and E. Sumter Smith, Lynchburg.

New Canton.—After the lapse of five weeks since the severe frosts of April, it has been ascertained, after careful examination of many orchards in this section, that the damage done to all kinds of fruit exceeded the first calculations. Commercially, the apple crop is practically a failure. Locally, the delicious apples seem to have escaped with the least damage, while winesaps suffered a heavy loss. The Boatwright Orchards at Gold Hill suffered less than any orchard in this section, owing to its high location. The crop there will possibly exceed 30 per cent. The orchards of A. L. Pitts, at Arvonia, and of Plummer F. Jones, in New Canton, contain about 10 per cent of a crop.

Blacksburg.—Twelve hundred and thirty-two out of the 1,647 enrolled alumni of Virginia Polytechnic Institute were present and participated in the alumni day program of the golden jubilee celebration. Headed by Dr. Lawrence Priddy, of New York, president of the General Alumni Association, the alumni from 1872 to 1921 in seventeen minutes subscribed $72,742 towards a $100,000 fund for the erection of a "war memorial hall," which will be designed to house the various organizations and societies of the institution, providing dancing halls, reception rooms and more than forty rooms for rental purposes to those taking post-graduate courses.

Richmond.—Decrease in rents in the early fall is freely predicted by real estate men here as a result of the immense number of dwellings now under construction. The increase in homes has become noticeable through the "for rent" signs now appearing through the city. That the average drop will approximate 10 per cent. is the opinion of the rental agents. A survey of the situation indicates that there will be considerable moving on September 1, when new leases for the year become operative.

Danville.—Rev. S. B. Williams, of the Danville Methodist circuit raided an illicit still Sunday near Whitmell the minister, who had arisen early saw blue smoke curling up from some woods and attracted by it he made his way cautiously and came across a fifty-gallon copper outfit running full blast. No one was there when he arrived. The minister notified a group of officers in that neighborhood and led them to the spot where the still was cut up and some of its parts were brought to Danville by the minister

STATE CAPITAL

Merger Opposed By Alumni Body.

Richmond.—Decision of a great Medical College of Virginia without affiliation with any other institution was decided upon at the final session of the General Alumni Association. The meeting preceded the commencement exercises at the Strand Theater, when seventy-six young men and women received diplomas, marking the conclusion of the eighty-seventh year of the institution.

Alumni rejected suggestions of a merger of the medical school with any other institution, but agreed upon resolutions calling for a rotation board of visitors and asking for representation in the plans for reorganization of the school and hospital and in naming a new president. A committee of seven, headed by Dr. H. U. Stephenson, retiring head of the Alumni Association, will be named to devise means to get the benefit of advice and counsel of Dr. J A. C. Chandler, president of William and Mary, in the reorganization.

Richmonders Honor Heroic Dead.

Beneath shade-producing magnolias and garlanded holly, above which at intervals, like silent sentries, stood giant oaks, 10,000 men, women and children gathered in Hollywood Cemetery to revere the memory of the brave men who laid down their lives for their country during the trying days of 1861 to 1865. Feathery clouds were wafted through the blue, as the sun shimmered over all the gathered multitude, which reverently lent its attention to the exercises and joined in the singing of "How Firm a Foundation," "Home of the Soul" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

The program was gracefully handled by A. H. Hopkins, and Rev. Russell Cecil, D. D., offered prayer and pronounced the benediction. Morris L. Tyler led the singing, which was engaged in by the men and women gathered around the speaker's stand, within the shadow of the Confederate Monument. The sweet, but tremulous, notes from the throats of dainty gentlewomen and knightly old men rang through the dell between the flower-bedecked hills of Hollywood, like tintinnabulation of fairy bells.

Walton Gets Post In Sons Of Veterans.

C. C. Walton Jr., was appointed brigade commander of the First Virginia Brigade, according to Dr. R. Bentley Davis, division commander of the Sons of Confederate Veterans for the State of Virginia. Dr. Davis has called upon Mr. Walton to appoint the official women and his staff as follows: Adjutant and chief of staff, assistant adjutant and chief of staff, quartermaster and assistant quartermaster, inspector and assistant inspector, color sergeant, historian, surgeon and chaplain.

As Richmond is the reunion city Dr. Davis desires most of the appointments to come from Richmond in order that they may assist in the entertainment of the Confederate Veterans, Sons, maids and sponsors.

Propose Annual Pageant.

Advocating an annual pageant for Virginia, to be held, preferably in June, in Richmond, a group of prominent citizens of this city who were actively identified with the recent Virginia Historical Pageant solidified tentative plans at a dinner in Hotel Rueger.

The banquet was tendered by B. A. Ruffin, chairman of the float and parade committees in the pageant here last week, as a testimonial to his associates in their efforts in achieving success for the great beauty spectacle. W. Conway Saunders, business manager, and W. B. Cridlin, secretary, both of the Virginia Historical Pageant Association, were guests of honor with A. M. Vollman and J. A. Damon, of New York, scenic artists who constructed the parade floats.

It was proposed at the dinner to have the pageant as a yearly feature in the life of the Old Dominion, an event similar somewhat to the annual Mardi Gras at New Orleans. Those who attended staunchly urged such a feature, emphasizing its advertising qualities among the many other benefits to be derived.

Secretary Guy Returns.

George W. Guy, executive secretary of the Co-Operative Education Association, has returned from Smithfield and Stafford county in the interest of the community league work of the State. The Smithfield league raised $10,000 towards the $100,000 high school building just constructed, and the leagues in Stafford have raised $2,500 for the improvement of their school and community.

A. P. V. A. Gets State Flag.

Governor E. Lee Trinkle presented to the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities a Virginia State flag to be used at Jamestown at the ceremonies incident to the unveiling of the Pocahontas statue. The presentation was made by Colonel Parke P. Deans, secretary to the Governor, on petition of Mrs. John B. Lightfoot, chairman of the Jamestown committee of the A. P. V. A.

Plan Part Of U. D. C. In Veterans' Reunion.

Plans for the participation of the United Daughters of the Confederacy in the great Confederate Reunion here June 20-22, were formulated when three local chapters of the society met in the Hotel Jefferson.

Mrs. Norman V. Randolph, chairman of the entertainment committee of the Confederate Southern Memorial Association and the U. D. C. for the reunion, has issued invitations to members of Lee and Stonewall Jackson Chapters of the U. D. C. to attend.

RADIO

INSTRUCTIONS FOR TROUBLE SHOOTING

How to Detect and Remedy the Open Circuit, Short Circuit and Leakage.

Radio circuits are subject to the same ills that the ordinary power circuits are subject to. However, to cure them is not such a difficult task as might be supposed, especially if some logical procedure is used.

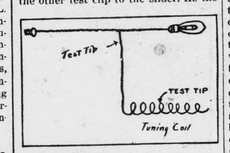
If a receiver is well put together in the first place and all contacts and other parts gone over once in a while, there is no reason why there should be any trouble. But the human being is prone to err, so that for the "once in a while" that is liable to happen, this article will be devoted to the explanation of what might happen to a simple receiver and the best way to fix it.

The usual troubles of the receiver fall under one of the following three headings:

1—An open circuit.
2—A short circuit.
3—Leakage.

An open circuit can most easily be detected by means of a series lamp. Nearly every one has available the ordinary 110 volt lighting circuit. Take an ordinary extension cord and cut one wire at any convenient place and use these two ends as test clips or tips. The extension cord is plugged into the house lighting circuit at any convenient outlet and when the two cut ends are held together the lamp will light as the circuit is closed. When the tips are held open the circuit is "open" and the light will go out.

Suppos. it is desired to test for an open circuit in a tuning coil. Connect one tip to one end of the winding and the other test clip to the slider. As the



Testing the Tune Circuit.

slide is moved back and forth the light should remain lighted. If the light goes out at times there is an open circuit in the coil. If the light goes out when the coil is jarred the slider does not make good contact with the winding.

If a buzzer and battery are available they can be used in testing for an open circuit in the same way that the lamp can be used. Connect the battery and buzzer in series with the test clips or tips and any low resistance circuit can be tested.

The ground connections can be tested with a buzzer and battery, but do not use the house-lighting circuit for this purpose because one side of the lighting circuit is already grounded and if the other side were connected to the ground a short circuit would exist and an excessive current flow.

If the ground wire is connected to the water pipe, connect one test tip to the ground and the other to the gas pipe, which is also grounded. The buzzer should buzz if one has a good low resistance ground.

Leakage usually exists between the antenna and the ground. An antenna should be well insulated from its support. The lead-in should be brought down to the point where it enters the wall of the station in such a manner that when the wind causes it to swing, it cannot touch any grounded material, and that rain and snow cannot cause a path along which the current can ground. In bringing the lead-

To Test Telephone Cords.

in through the wall, insulate it well and inside the station use as short a piece of well-insulated wire as is possible to make good connection with the set.

To test the continuity of the circuit of a pair of telephone receivers, touch the tips of the cord phone to the tongue. If the receivers are in reasonably good condition a slight click will be heard. If the response in one receiver seems to be weaker than that in the other, examine the diaphragm of the receiver giving the weaker response and see if it is bent toward the pole piece. Try tuning the diaphragm over if such is the case. Be careful when the diaphragm of a receiver is removed that the leads of fine wire from the magnet spools to the connection blocks do not become broken in handling.

If the continuity of the circuit of a pair of telephone receivers is checked and no response is heard when the cord tips are touched to the tongue, try checking each receiver of a double head set separately.

The two receivers are connected in series and to check either one separately, short circuit the tips of the cord leading to the other receiver just outside of the case. Should it appear that there is an open circuit in the cord, short circuit both receivers where the cord enters the case and with a buzzer or lamp connected to the tips on the end of the cord test for an open circuit.

Care should be exercised by the operator when adjusting a crystal detector to see that his fingers do not touch the surface of the crystal or the contact point of the little spring. The oil secretion that exists in the skin together with the dust that it collects will render a crystal detector inoperative by the insulating film that it will cause to form on the portion of the crystal surface that is touched. Should the surface of the crystal get dirty as evidenced by the received signals becoming weaker and weaker, try cleaning the crystal with alcohol and a little brush. Or if this does not seem to remedy the trouble, chip off old surface so that an entirely new surface is presented to the spring.

AMATEURS SHOULD PLAY FAIR

Radio Inspector Schmidt Urges That They Learn the Laws and Regulations.

Nine out of every ten radio fans are good sports, but the tenth is either a fan with poor judgment or a "rotter." It is up to the amateurs to see that restrictions are not imposed upon them, by playing fair, says Radio Inspector L. R. Schmidt of the Ninth district.

This can be done by observing certain cautions and by becoming posted on the radio laws and regulations. A copy of these regulations may be obtained from the superintendent of documents, government printing office, Washington, D. C., for 15 cents. It is worth while to spend 15 cents in order to be a "square shooter" in the radio game.

The great trouble with amateurs is that when they want to send a message around a corner they put on all the power they have with the hope that some one in Texas might pick up their